

THE NEWS.

BRUCE CHAMP, Publisher.

PARIS. : : KENTUCKY.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Condensed and Put into Readable Shape.

DOMESTIC.

SEVEN unknown men concealed themselves in the woods near the home of the Fords, two miles from Richmond, Mo., on the 14th, and when Charley Ford, one of the slayers of Jesse James, made his appearance they all opened fire upon him. Their aim was bad and Charley charged upon them, causing the entire party to take to their horses under fire of his revolver. There is a strong feeling in the neighborhood against having either of the Ford boys around.

A FIRE broke out in the depot of the Norfolk and Western Railroad at New York on the 14th. Seven thousand bales of cotton, fifty carloads of lumber, twelve cars and a vast quantity of miscellaneous freight were destroyed. Loss estimated at \$500,000, partly insured.

THE trial of A. Kuhn at Erie, Pa., for the shooting of little Rosa Steiner, from a street car window July 4, was concluded on the 14th by a verdict of involuntary manslaughter. The defense endeavored to prove that the brother of Kuhn, who was with him at the time, and who hung himself the same night in the cellar of his employer, fired the fatal shot. A motion for a new trial was made by counsel.

THE Norton Iron Works at Ashland, Ky., were destroyed by fire on the 14th. Loss not stated. The calamity falls heavily upon the working people of the vicinity, as five hundred families were dependent on the Works for support.

THE East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad Company have purchased 100 acres of ground in Knoxville, Tenn., where the shops for the entire system (1,086 miles) will be located.

At a meeting of the Western Nail Association at Pittsburgh on the 14th a general suspension of all nail machines was ordered for a period of five weeks, beginning December 22 and ending February 4. The condition of trade was pronounced unsatisfactory.

D. R. ALLEN, a theatrical manager, was shot and killed in the theater at Vicksburg, Miss., on the 14th by Frank Starke, who had been discharged from the position of advance agent for the show. He was arrested.

WM. E. BROCKWAY, Lewis Martin and James B. Foster, have been indicted for forgery in the first degree in New York City. The punishment, if convicted, will be penitentiary for life.

NEGROES in the neighborhood of Gonzales, Tex., are reported to be drilling nightly. The whites have organized a minute company.

A FIRE in Chicago, on the 15th, breaking out in D. D. Kimbark & Co.'s carriage warehouse and extending to the other buildings, caused damage to the amount of \$200,000.

THE first public meeting of the Huguenot Society of America was held on the 15th in New York. Addresses were made by John Jay, President of the Society; Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee; Assistant-Bishop Potter, of New York; and Rev. Dr. Vermilyea.

WM. JAMES broke into John Redmond's house at Carpenter, Ala., a few nights ago, in a quarrel over some land, and shot him through the abdomen. Redmond's wife sprang from the bed and hacked Jones with a hatchet, and he will die.

At the marriage on the 15th of Charley Credle, a prosperous cotton planter of North Carolina, and a fashionable young lady, a dispute arose during the wedding feast regarding the dance which was to follow, and pistols were drawn. When the firing had ceased, and some of the braver guests ventured back into the dining-room, Chas. Ballance, the groom's best man, was found dead on the floor, and Thomas Sidan, another groomsmen, near him, mortally wounded.

THE compositors on the morning papers in New York, with the exception of the *Sun* and *Herald*, struck on the 15th for an increase from forty to forty-six cents per thousand ems. The demand was granted in all the offices except the *Tribune*, where the strike is declared to be in full force. An increase of from thirty-five to forty cents is demanded of the afternoon papers.

THE recent gales took the form of a cyclone throughout Maine. The damage in Oxford County was \$100,000, and in Franklin the loss is \$50,000. Houses and barns were destroyed and cattle killed.

A STRANGER was found hanging by the neck from a limb, high up from the ground, by a Long Island farmer, on the 15th. Sewed under the lining of his coat was a note from Bismarck, introducing "Her Von Glan" to any officer of the army of the United Empire, who will give him all information in their power. This was all that could be ascertained about him. The body was buried in the town lot.

THE trial of Martin and Coffin, charged with complicity in the Grand Lake assassination last July, was called at Golden, Col., on the 15th, and there being insufficient evidence to convict, the prisoners were discharged.

A NUMBER of seamen and marines who served in the West Gulf squadron under Admiral Farragut have formed an organization, to be known as the Farragut Association of the Port of New York. The object of the association is similar to that of the Grand Army of the Republic. It is intended to send a delegation to Washington to urge the payment of the long delayed New Orleans prize money.

PETER SMULL, the fasting horse-thief, escaped from the jail at Belvidere, N. J., on the 15th. He had fasted thirty-eight days.

THE breeders and importers of Percheron horses in the United States met at Chicago on the 15th, and decided to recognize the American Percheron Stud Book as the standard authority. Its editor was directed not to admit to registration after the present year any imported horses except those registered in the Percheron Stud Book of France.

FOUR disguised men entered the residence of a farmer named Olsen, near Petersburg, Grove, Col., on the 5th, and demanded his money. Upon his refusal to tell where it was concealed they overpowered and whipped him until his body was covered with blood. Olsen remaining obdurate, the robbers built a fire upon which they placed the poor farmer's feet

and literally roasted them. Even then he would not tell, and the ruffians left after securing six hundred dollars, found him under the stove.

THE wholesale dry goods firm of Cleveland, Cummings & Woodruff, of Chicago, have assigned. Assets \$500,000; liabilities not stated.

THOMAS BURROWS, living near Kittery, Me., was murdered in his barn a few nights since. The perpetrators escaped, and are unknown.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

EX-GOVERNOR NATH. HEAD, of New Hampshire, died at Manchester, N. H., on the night of the 12th.

The Utah dispatch published a few days ago announcing the death by starvation and exposure of a grandson of Commodore Wilkes, of the United States Navy, while herding sheep, is pronounced untrue by Commodore Wilkes, who says there is no such person as the one described in the dispatches.

HON. SAMUEL MAGILL, a wealthy citizen of Central Illinois, committed suicide at Clinton on the 12th by taking a dose of strychnine. Deceased had served two terms in the Illinois Legislature. The cause of his suicide is not known.

GENERAL W. T. SHERMAN arrived at St. Louis from New York on the 12th. He had no reception at the depot, but was serenaded at his residence in the evening by five hundred veterans of the late war.

A RESOLUTION to adjourn *sine die* December 5 has at last passed the Pennsylvania Legislature.

THE spiritualistic libel suit, in New York, of Tice Brothers against Jonathan M. Roberts, proprietor of *Mind and Matter*, resulted in a verdict for plaintiffs for \$3,000.00 each.

THE ladies of Georgia have positively refused to appear in the Atlanta concert with the cornetist Levy, owing to his unfeeling remarks about his three children and divorced wife.

THE greatest demonstration ever witnessed at Lynchburg, Va., was held on the 15th in celebration of the defeat of Mahone. Resolutions were passed guaranteeing negroes full justice before the law in all matters, and regretting the partisan reports of the Danville riot as injurious to the State, and as an invention of Mahone to excite his overwhelming defeat.

J. H. HAVERLY has announced his intention of building two new theaters, one in New York, patterned after the London Alhambra, and to cost \$1,200,000, and a smaller one in Philadelphia. The money will be furnished by Chicago capitalists.

DR. J. MARION SIMS, founder of the Hospital for Women, in New York, died in that city on the 13th of heart disease, aged seventy-one years. Dr. Sims also organized the Anglo-American Ambulance Corps in Paris which has done such efficient service.

AN effort is making to raise a fund for the benefit of the family of the late Dr. Ewer, to which Edwin Booth has contributed \$2,000. Dr. Ewer was an editor in San Francisco when Booth was comparatively unknown, and gave the actor valuable encouragement in a series of appreciative articles.

UPON his arrival at Atlanta, Ga., on the 14th, Levy, the cornetist, at once denounced as false the interview alleged to have been had with him by a Pittsburgh reporter. "So far from desiring to be rid of my wife and children," he said, "I would make every sacrifice to regain them."

FRANK HYACINTHE was taken suddenly ill at New York on the 14th and was unable to lecture. The nature of his malady is not understood.

THE American Public Health Association, in session in Detroit, has elected Dr. Albert L. Gibson, of Washington, President. The next meeting of the association will be held in St. Louis.

DR. FRANK B. SMITH, of Detroit, has begun a \$50,000 damage suit in the U. S. District Court against Dr. John H. Rauch, Secretary of the Illinois Board of Health.

THE Pennsylvania House has reconsidered its resolution to adjourn December 5.

MISS CARIE TIMME, aged seventeen, daughter of Mr. W. O. Timme, a prominent citizen of Chester, S. C., mysteriously disappeared from her home four weeks ago, and all efforts to find her have been unavailing. She is thought to be concealed somewhere in Atlanta.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

THE Washington Agricultural Bureau estimates that the corn crop for the whole country will fall short of that of last year by 40,000,000. The yield per acre is one and one-half bushels below that of 1882. The potato crop is estimated at 175,000,000.

NELSON & HUGHES, an English firm, will be prosecuted by the Government for conspiring to obtain large tracts of public land in Dakota.

THE Attorney General has decided that the proposed change of standard time in the District of Columbia can not be effected except by Congressional action.

THE total net revenue of the United States for the past year was \$398,287,581, a decrease from last year of \$5,237,608.

DISTILLERS and manufacturers of spirits are preparing petitions for presentation to Congress urging an extension of the bonded period of whisky two years.

COMPTROLLER KNOX will recommend in his annual report that the National banks be authorized to issue notes to the amount of ninety per cent. of the market instead of the par value of the bonds they have on deposit.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR has been solicited to incorporate in his annual message a recommendation to Congress of such action as will promote the digging of a canal across the Maryland Peninsula.

COMPLAINT has reached the Post-office Department that mails on the Northern Pacific road are not properly worked by postal clerks, and instead of being distributed at various points along the route, are carried through to Portland, Oregon, and stacked up there. Inquiry reveals the fact that this state of affairs was brought about by a combination of postal clerks, who purposely neglect the work in order to compel the Department to double the force.

SECRETARY FOLGER has written the Collector of San Francisco that if there is any reason to suspect fraud or imposition in the landing of Chinese he must make rigid investigation, and refuse permission to the passengers to land until satisfactory evidence is produced, and parties feeling aggrieved because of such refusal can have the correctness of the action decided in the Courts by writs of habeas corpus.

SECRETARY TELLER has rendered an important decision in reply to a question of the Commissioner of Pensions, asking for a proper and uniform construction of the Revised Statutes concerning pensions to dependent mothers. The Secretary main-

tains that if the son was a minor, the father was entitled to his services, or if not living, the mother was so entitled, and therefore, the dependent father or mother should be allowed a pension.

THE report that Major Nickerson was insane is denied by a prominent citizen of Washington who has recently received a letter from Nickerson, in which he states he is in good health and will visit Washington in a short time.

FOREIGN.

Freeman's Journal declares that the plan of the English Government for securing wholesale emigration from Ireland is a revival of the policy under which the Irish were kidnapped and transferred to the West Indies in the days of Cromwell.

THE storm which passed over the lakes and Canada on the night of the 11th caused a panic in a hall in Belleville, where the Salvation Army were holding services. Women fainted and people fell over each other on the stairs, but no one was killed. In other towns buildings were unroofed and blown down, and there was damage to the shipping on the lakes.

THE Earl of Carnarvon, who has just made a tour of the Canadian Provinces, says no one can tell how great Canada will become if the same policy continues to be pursued as that at present by her Government and people.

NEGOTIATIONS between the Mexican Government and the holders of its bonds in England have been terminated by the demand of the English holders that \$30,000,000 of three per cent. bonds be issued in addition to the recognized debt of \$80,000,000.

THE strike among the freight-handlers of the Panama Railway has led to the dishing of a train carrying laborers and soldiers. The train was fired upon before it went over the bank. There were many seriously injured but none killed.

THE Catholic Bishops of America held their first meeting in Rome on the 13th, with all the Cardinals present. The question of making a demand upon the Government of the United States that the relations of Church and State be based upon canon law, was discussed.

THE editors of Russian newspapers have been forbidden to discuss the probabilities of a war with Germany.

EXPLOSIVE machines packed in cases of sheepskins have been discovered in Birmingham, Eng.

THE proposed visit of the German Crown Prince to the Court of Madrid is not regarded by the Spanish Government as in accordance with the safe principle. "Friendship with all Nations, intimacy with none."

THE Irish National League Branch at Quebec denounces the slanderous reports recently published in England "of a pretended dynamite plot to murder Lord Lansdowne, and other nonsense."

A DISPATCH from Tamatave says the French have declined proposals brought by two Malagasy officials for a compromise of the pending difficulties.

IT is stated that Henry Chaplin, the Member of Parliament for Lincolnshire, proposes to continue his efforts to induce the Government to restrict the importation of cattle from the United States, which is steadily increasing.

GENERAL ROGER A. PRYOR was granted a two hours' interview with his client, O'Donnell, on the 14th, the first since his arrival in England. A mass of important evidence has been brought from Ireland by O'Donnell's counsel, who are hopeful of preventing a verdict of wilful murder.

ONE thousand French Canadians, whom somebody pretended to engage to work on the Canadian Pacific road, have arrived in Montreal in the most destitute circumstances. Great indignation exists over the deception.

GENERAL WALLACE, the United States Minister, supported by the British Ambassador, has energetically pressed the Porte for the punishment of the men who recently attacked two American missionaries in Asia Minor.

LATER NEWS.

THE North-bound passenger train and a freight on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad collided near Streator, Ill., on the 16th. Four persons were killed, Mrs. Henderson and daughter, of Dayton, Ill., being of the number. Several others were wounded.

J. C. BARNES, a well known coal operator and Councilman of Pittsburgh, committed suicide at the St. Cloud Hotel, at Newcastle, Pa., on the 16th, by shooting himself through the head. Financial embarrassment is said to be the cause of the deed.

DE LESSUPS visited the Merchants' Exchange in Liverpool on the 16th and was well received. In a speech he said he was anxious, in the management of the Suez Canal, to conform, as far as possible, to the wishes of the merchants of England. He is said to object, however, to the clause in the proposed agreement which provides that all surplus earnings shall go toward the reduction of tolls.

THE *Tribune* has followed the other New York papers in yielding to the demands of the striking compositors. The *Evening Post* and the *Mail and Express* refuse to pay the advance demanded.

A SUIT has been brought in Milwaukee to compel McGeech to account for money involved in the settlement of his land failure. The amount is \$1,500,000.

THE President has mitigated the sentence of dismissal in the case of Lieutenant Colonel Morrow to suspension from his rank and command, with the loss of half his pay for one year, and reduction to the lineal rank to the foot of the list of Lieutenant Colonels.

A YOUNG Frenchman was arrested in Paris on the 16th while trying to force his way into the presence of Prime Minister Ferry. He held a loaded revolver in his hand, and professed to represent a secret society which had resolved upon the murder of the French Ministers.

THE saw-mill of Mr. Maxwell in Lyeon County, Pa., was totally destroyed by the explosion of the boiler on the 16th. Seven persons were killed and six badly injured.

SOPHIA WORKREPSKY, a Russian nihilist, arrested at the Imperial Marie Institute, is reported to have been privately executed in St. Petersburg. Her companion committed suicide before trial. Nihilist convicts in Siberia are said to suffer horrible treatment.

THERE have been two hundred and thirty-five business failures in the United States and Canada within the seven days ending the 16th, an increase of twenty-five over the previous week.

A COMMITTEE of the Pennsylvania Legislature have begun in New York an investigation of matters connected with the Standard Oil Company.

ICE was formed at Pensacola, Fla., on the 16th, the first of the season.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

MOST of the fine display from the United States Coast Survey which has been on exhibition at the Louisville Exposition will be permitted to remain in Kentucky as a gift to the State, only those portions of which there are no duplicates being returned to Washington.

WHILE two small children of Nelson Pottinger, colored, were sleeping together at New Haven the other night, one of them in its sleep crawled up on the other and lying across its head smothered it to death.

A MR. STERLING special says: "During the last term of the Powell Circuit Court, a decision was rendered in a land suit between Ludfords and Hatton, in which certain lines were identified. Hatton, in compliance with the judgment of the Court, began moving the fence, when it was thrown down by the Ludfords. This was repeated by the contending parties until threats of violence were made. Last week the two brothers, Ludfords, armed with double-barreled shot-guns, went out to the scene determined to carry into effect their former threats, or have the lives where they wanted them, notwithstanding the opinion of the Court to the contrary. They found Hatton at work. When their guns were made to cover him, the order was given to throw up his hands, but instead of obeying he gathered his faithful rifle. The two brothers fired, but without effect. The rifle was then fired, and a ball took effect in the hip of one of the Ludfords, causing an ugly, but not serious wound. With this the parties went to their homes their blood at fighting heat. This occurrence was on the line between Powell and Menifee, and on the waters of Red River, the Ludfords living in Powell and the Hattons in Menifee. The families of the respective parties are now aroused, and swear vengeance. Fears are entertained that one county will be in arms against the other and much blood be shed. The cooler heads are for quelling the disturbance, but the immediate families are on the war-path."

THE trestle-work over Rolling Fork, at New Haven, on the L. & N. washed away during a heavy rain a few mornings since. It was a temporary structure put up to supply the lack of a bridge until the completion of an iron bridge.

THE flouring mills of Fields & Basye, near Simpsonville, was destroyed by fire a few mornings ago. The entire building, machinery and stock were destroyed. Loss estimated at \$11,000; insured for \$7,500 on building and machinery, and \$1,200 on stock.

A MITCHELLSBURG dispatch of the 14th says: "Sam Raney killed Jim Whitehouse at Allison last night at 9 o'clock. Jealousy is said to be the cause. Some time since Raney ordered Whitehouse to keep away from his house, and when Whitehouse was found there again a fight ensued, in which Whitehouse knocked Raney down. Last night Raney returned home at an unexpected hour, being employed in a broom factory. Whitehouse was there and beat him up, then followed Raney to the broom factory and knocked him down again. Raney tried to shoot Whitehouse, but shot himself in the leg. Whitehouse pursued him into the factory when Raney shot him three times, from which he died in a few seconds. Raney notified the authorities he was waiting to surrender himself."

COLONEL D. W. LINDSEY and Colonel John L. Sneed, of Frankfort, who went to Washington a few days ago, accompanied by Hon. J. C. S. Blackburn, have returned home. These gentlemen had an interview with Secretary Folger and the Supervising Architect, and succeeded in having the plans changed for the new public buildings to be erected in Frankfort, so that it will now be built of stone instead of brick, as is the design of the present plan. Congressmen Blackburn will ask for an additional appropriation from the next Congress.

AN east-bound freight train ran over and killed a man a few mornings ago at Stony Trestle, between Hedges and Winchester. He was identified as James Hoyer, a railroad hand who has been working on the Knoxville extension. He was about sixty-five years old. He was sitting on the trestle when the train approached, and had ample time to get out of the way, but as he made no effort to move it is supposed he was deaf and did not observe its approach.

Weekly Review of the Louisville Leaf Tobacco Market.

The receipts for the week were 140 hhds, against 270 hhds last week and 310 in the corresponding week of last year. The market has been quiet and entirely devoid of interest. Receipts have been the smallest of the season, offerings have been very light, and the state of supplies has not been sufficient to sustain much interest on the part of buyers. There are no changes in prices to note, either in Burley tobacco or dark and heavy styles. Lugs continue relatively strong. It is reported that buyers are paying for new tobacco, of both the principal types, such prices as, in the opinion of local dealers, will result in losses in any of the large markets. This is, of course, a matter of opinion, and opinion is not always infallible. The stockholders of the Kentucky Tobacco Association have voted to put their business in liquidation, placing Mr. Winlock, the President in charge as trustee. Mr. S. Caye, the manager of the concern, will represent him in winding up its affairs, and with his brother, and Mr. Wheeler as country agent, has organized a new firm, which will immediately succeed the old association. A peculiarly nefarious job of nesting was brought to light during the week, and it is to be hoped that the parties concerned will consider it a duty to the trade at large to bring the offender to justice. We quote full-weight packages as follows:

Dark and Heavy. Burley.	
Trash.....	\$5 00 5 75 \$5 00 5 75
Common lugs.....	5 50 6 25 6 00 6 75
Medium lugs.....	6 00 6 75 6 50 7 25
Good lugs.....	6 50 7 25 7 00 7 75
Common leaf.....	6 75 7 50 7 00 7 75
Medium leaf.....	7 50 8 25 7 50 8 25
Good leaf.....	8 00 8 75 8 00 8 75
Fine and fancy leaf.....	12 00 12 75 12 00 12 75

—People in New England eat cold food much more than we do South. The cold pie is a universal diet. Housewives bake a week's pies at a time and use them at every meal. Cold sweet doughnuts and coffee are a general breakfast dish. Less hot biscuit are used than with us, cold bread being eaten instead. The staple dishes for dinner are roast beef, boiled potatoes and squash. Very little warm food is eaten at supper.—*Atlanta Constitutionalist*.

—Mrs. Horace Smith, of Nicholasville, Ky., was scared to death by a storm of wind.

Dose-Taking.

It is to be feared that to most people medicine is not an erudite science or a learned art, but is little more than the commonplace administration of physic. They cannot understand medicine without drugs, and its virtue and power are popularly measured by the violence of its operations. Its very name is in ordinary parlance synonymous with physic. Take from it its pills and potions, and for them you take away its whole art and mystery. They do not believe in a scheme of treatment, however deep-laid and skillful, which does not include a statutory dosage. So that, as a rule, medical men are practically compelled to give their patients a visible object of faith in some form of physic, which may be at most designed to effect some very subordinate purpose. And it is remarkable how strongly even among the educated classes this feeling prevails. Cure by the administration of mixtures and boluses is so fixed and ancient a tradition that it is only very slowly that the world will give it up. The anxiety of the friends of the patient wants to do more than follow the simple direction of "nursing," which have been so carefully inculcated and possess apparently so little remedial power. There is nothing of the unknown about them in which a fluttering hope of great advantage can nestle. Thus it is necessary to educate the world into a belief in medicine apart from drugs, which finds its power of curing in adaptations of the common conditions of life and applications of physiological facts—a medicine which takes into its hands the whole life, and orders and fashions its every detail with scientific definiteness. It is found in every-day practice that this popular misunderstanding of the modern spirit of medicine constantly checks the little tentative advances of a more scientific treatment, and it is necessary that it should be generally understood how powerfully the various processes of the economy may be affected by the manipulation of the conditions of common life.

This more positive recognition of biological truths in therapeutics is the explanation of the seeming paradoxical position so frequently assumed in the best professional circles—that it is incorrect and unscientific to speak of the cure of disease. From a simple cold to a yellow fever, from a tiny scratch to a broken limb, medicine can do no more than to place the affected part in the best way of curing itself. Surely no finer tribute could be paid to the historic Father of medicine than this reversal of the twenty-second century of the doctrine and experience of this art to his oft-quoted principle. What he, the founder of dogmatic medicine, saw, is the fundamental axiom of experimental medicine. It removes hindrances, stimulates or inhibits erring processes, and waits upon the great work of healing by the natural energies. It is very desirable, both in the interests of medicine and of the patient, that this truer conception of the reparative processes of the system should generally obtain. It defines, at least negatively, the possibilities of medicine, and shows at any rate what cannot be expected from it. And it emphasizes the importance and urgency of the prophylactic and hygienic aspects of the science, assigning to it the paramount place in common life which is its due. The vulgar notion of a "cure," that the reparative processes of the body are at the command of the medicine, and that a good recovery leaves no trace whatever of injury in the parts affected, is a delusion. Even in the most perfect convalescence, in which no feeling or sign of a past illness can be discovered, either by the detective skill of the physician or by the stress upon the system of exacting work, there is, in reality, in altered tissue or the diminution of life power, some mark of the illness which is ineffaceable. In so slight an injury even as a skin-deep cut, the mark remains for life. And when a superficial abrasion has healed, the new skin is not "skin" at all, and has none of the properties of true skin; new skin no more really comes than does a new finger in place of a lost one. The transient "colds," which the Englishman comes to regard as an annual tribute to his native climate, leave each one a morbid something which entails a greater susceptibility to the catching of another. And so in greater degree it is in more serious disease. Even in the blood, so constantly changed and renewed, this rule holds still; and it is frequently observed by the older army surgeons that a great loss in the field, after the period of development of the body has passed, leaves the soldier more or less blanched and weakened for life. The general comprehension of the elementary truth, that medicine repairs but cannot renew, will, more probably than anything else, conduce to a truer conception of its aims and possibilities.

In the ordinary practice of medicine these changes can be seen, almost insensibly but surely, at work. They are manifest in the common facts of physic taking. Since the time of our fathers great changes have taken place, and are still in progress, all in the direction of the domination of the volume and number of drugs administered. Doses are getting smaller, pills are dwindling in size, and powders are growing so beautifully less as to suggest at no distant period their final and blessed extinction without hopes of resurrection. Drops are substituted for tablespoonfuls, and effervescent salts for the black draught of still blacker memory. The willow bolus, monstrous in size and nastiness, is an extinct type of physic, and what pills still survive in dwarfed form decorously cover their nakedness in coats of varied hue, or present themselves in the seductive guise of bona-fide sugar-plums. Numberless are the ways and forms in which now-a-days the horror of physic contrives to hide itself.—*British Quarterly Review*.

—Mr. Repp, arrested for killing a horse belonging to Mr. George, near Burbank, O., plead guilty to the charge willingly, on condition that the horse be valued at \$34.99. The missing cent from an even \$35 saved him from the penitentiary, and he escaped with \$20 and forty days.—*Detroit Post*.

—Lewis Cohen, a Hebrew gentleman of London, has been exempted from serving on a Coroner's jury on the ground of being the lineal descendant of Aaron, the high priest.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

A CHICAGO judge decides that to call a person a liar is not a cause of action for slander, unless damages to the person so called is clearly shown.

THE New York *Herald* says the best recipe in the world for making buckwheat cakes is the one which tells the poor man how to get the buckwheat.

THE Milwaukee *Telegraph* has reached the opinion that "to own a fast horse is to be a great man to an extent which genius and success seldom reach in other directions."

CHEAP postage works admirably in Philadelphia. The sales last month of stamps in that city are the largest which have ever taken place since the office was established.

A FRENCH paper advises that letters be addressed and stamped on the side where the envelope is sealed, to defeat opening by inquisitive people who have learned how to use a tea-kettle.

THE prevalence of typhoid fever in a district of London was traced to the milk supply. The Health Inspector urges that all suspicious milk, if not thrown away, should at least be boiled.

A MAN was arrested in Brooklyn for stealing a jug of brandy and was released on the ground that the theft was committed while he was laboring under a fit of insanity, caused by excessive thirst.

MR. WARNOCK arrived at New York with a coffin which he purchased in Europe, fearing he might die at sea. The coffin was seized as personal property not in use, and subject to duty. The *World's* advice to persons who travel with coffins is to wear them.

ACCORDING to an experienced traveler, the American newspaper reporter compares very favorably with the English member of the craft. The latter is represented as often having dirty hands, cuffs and collar, and looking as if he shaved about once in two weeks.

THE New York *Mail and Express*, which reports that cultured Boston people describe fish-balls as "piscatorial globes," is also authority for the statement that peanuts, which are said to be good for dyspepsia, are now served with coffee and fruit at fashionable dinners.

AMERICAN machinists, who have picked up their trade in shops, are represented as bright, quick, and able to do good work with the tools, but are behind foreign workmen in education and ability to lay out work, make sketches, and, if necessary, draw designs to scale.

THE directors of the Cincinnati Board of Trade and Transportation at a meeting, the other day, adopted the report of the committee declaring the trade dollar a nuisance, and recommending a memorial to Congress for its redemption by the Government and withdrawal from circulation.

THE wheat crop for 1883 is 140,000,000 bushels less than a year ago, but the crop of 1882 was the greatest in the history of the country, and 50,000,000 bushels were left over, so that the surplus for exportation will be about 160,000,000 bushels, and Europe will want it all at a good price.

AN outsider has this to say of Irving's first appearance: "His chief success was in puzzling the New York critics, and this he did most effectually. They seem to be fully as much confused concerning his place in tragedy as the hen was with regard to the status of the frog that she suddenly found among her chicks."

"HUNDREDS of New York young men," writes a correspondent of the *Baltimore American*, "wear nothing of American make, from their Derby hats to their polkaester stockings. Their measures are sent to London tailors, hatters and furnisiers, who provide the articles ordered very promptly. By using the Atlantic cable in ordering, a suit of clothes can be procured in ten days."

SENATOR MORRILL, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate, is said to regard as feasible the suggestion made to him, that coins most easily mistaken for one another be punctured through the center with holes of different shapes, like the Chinese and Japanese coins. Strangely enough, the suggestion comes from an artist who claims that at night he has given out five dollar gold coins for five cent nickel pieces.

THE Saturday *Review* says clergymen are called on to preach too often, and are apt to preach too long. If there were fewer sermons preachers could speak with greater freshness, and if they would limit their sermons by the extent of their ideas, they would no longer be tempted to make those violent efforts to gain attention which too often lead them into what is unfit for the occasion.

BROOKLYN is a bidder for the next Presidential Conventions, but the *Eagle* of that city is forced to make the acknowledgment: "The inland cities have been chosen heretofore because of their nearer proximity to the geographical center of the country. The center of population, according to the last census, was not far from Cincinnati, a fact which might explain the favor with which that city is regarded, other things being equal."

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

—California horticulturists are interesting themselves in the fig culture.

—A Nebraska farmer feeds his hogs finely-cut hay, and considers it good food for them.

—It is a good plan to plow or spade up the poultry yard once a month through the summer. It gives the fowls fresh earth in which to dust themselves, to say nothing of the worms and gravel so necessary to them.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

—A nice dish for breakfast is made by cutting pork tenderloins in thin slices; stew them in water till they are nearly done; then put a little butter in a saucepan, and fry them till light brown; serve them on buttered toast, mashed potatoes and raw tomatoes sliced thin.—*N. Y. Post.*

—The seine twine that now comes in varied colors may be used to good advantage in making stand covers and tidies. A pink tidy with a black velvet ribbon run through the open spaces is pretty. The ends of the black velvet should be pointed, and a ball of pink and black put on each point.

—Moles may be removed by the following method: Seat the patient in a clear, strong sunlight. With a sun-glass costing from two dollars and fifty cents to five dollars bring the concentrated rays of the sun to bear on the excrescence five or ten minutes. In three or four weeks the mole will scale off and a new skin come on. If the mole should not be entirely removed by the first application, repeat. No scar will be left. This is vouched for by a physician who has tried it repeatedly.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

—One way to economize and to produce excellent results in cooking is to use suet in place of butter or lard. For many purposes it is better than either of these. Some people who object decidedly to cakes fried in lard relish them when suet is used for frying. Beef balls are very nice when fried in suet. Round steak can be used for these. Chop the meat fine, season well with pepper and salt and any herb you may choose, shape them like flat balls with your hands, dip in egg and fine cracker or bread crumbs, and fry in the hot suet.—*Boston Post.*

—Bessemer steel rods, No. 6 (thirty-sixteenths of an inch in diameter) are recommended by Mr. Crawford for fencing, in place of wire. They will run ten feet to the pound, and come in pieces weighing about ten pounds each. They are very much stronger than fence wire, never having been weakened by the processes to which the latter is subjected in its manufacture. Three rods, sixteen inches apart, will make a fence four feet high, and will cost less than twelve cents a rod, not counting the freight.—*N. Y. Examiner.*

Winter Quarters for Swine.

Those who keep a stock of hogs through the winter should not try to do so in quarters that are not perfectly comfortable, for two reasons. First, because the health of the hog is endangered, and second, because it costs more to produce a pound of pork when the hog is not kept in a comfortable condition in cold weather.

When we look back to our boyhood days, and call to mind some of our visits to farmers who kept their hogs where the wind swept through at a speed of twelve miles an hour, we can hardly repress a shudder. But fortunately a great progress has been made in not only providing our animals with more comfortable quarters, but also ourselves. Still, the question of what is to be done for the winter protection of the animals presents itself to us every year, and we should make it our business to, from year to year, make such repairs and improvements as our judgment shall suggest. Whenever we find that there is a chance for a current of air to pass through upon the hogs, or other animals, it should be stopped, and there should also be provision made for keeping out the snow and rain.

One of the mistakes which is too often made in providing winter quarters for hogs is in permitting too much water to accumulate where the hogs stay most of the time. While hogs may not be injured in warm weather by wallowing in the water, there is danger in cold weather, even though in quarters where the water does not freeze. Hogs should have a good dry bed to resort to, even in warm weather, but in the winter it is more important, because of the danger of the hogs taking cold.

Another mistake is very often made by keeping hogs in a dark cellar, where the ammonia that comes from the manure often seriously interferes with the health of the hogs. Light and pure air are very important for the health of not only the human race, but also for all of the domestic animals.

When we are able to get the most profit from our domestic animals, we shall have learned to keep them in quarters where they can be both comfortable and healthy. It is only the rich man that can afford to keep cattle in quarters where they are uncomfortable and unhealthy.—*Massachusetts Ploughman.*

Parsley in Winter.

It is very easy to have a supply of parsley all winter. Take up the plants from the garden, cut off all but a few small leaves at the center of the tuft, and plant them in a box of good soil. Another method is, to take a keg—a nail keg will answer; bore numerous inch or inch-and-a-half holes in its sides. Place the parsley with the crown at the holes and the roots extending horizontally into the keg, gradually filling in with earth to hold them in place. Finish by planting some roots upright at the top. Either box or keg, if supported at the kitchen window and watered as needed, will give a supply of fresh leaves all winter. The residents of cities who have no gardens, can buy parsley for this purpose in the markets, as it is usually sold with the roots attached. Those who are fond of parsley as a seasoning, and do not care to be at the trouble of raising it as above, may dry it readily and find it about as good as when fresh. Spread the leaves thinly on a pan; when the stove oven is not very hot, place this in it, and leave the door open. The parsley will dry very quickly; as soon as it is crisp, rub it between the hands into a powder, which is to be kept in bottles, tightly closed.—*American Agriculturist.*

Judge Black's First Appointment.

Hon. Alexander Thompson presided as Judge of the Sixteenth Judicial District of Pennsylvania (composed of the counties of Franklin, Bedford and Somerset) from the 25th of June, 1827, to March, 1842. He was a just man and a good Judge, but toward the close of his public life he encountered some opposition. A prominent lawyer of Chambersburg was named as an opposing candidate for the office, and soon a warm contest arose, in which the leading lawyers and citizens in the district took part. David R. Porter was then in the Executive chair. There was scarcely a lawyer in the district who did not visit the Governor to discuss the merits of the candidates. Early in the year 1842 a gentleman from Somerset called to oppose to support one of the candidates—I cannot remember whom—and in his conversation produced a letter and read from it a paragraph. The Governor asked for the whole letter read, which was done. It discussed the points of difference between the two candidates. The Governor asked to be allowed to read the letter for himself, which was done.

"Black," he said; "J. S. Black? Whose son is he?"

The visitor here mentioned the name of Mr. Black's father.

Governor—I remember him. I sat with him in the Internal Improvement Convention of 1835, and he certainly was a most intelligent gentleman. But what can you tell me about the son?

Visitor—Well, he is a young lawyer with some practice. He sits in his office, walks up and down town, sits on the dry-goods boxes on the corner, makes some political speeches, and quotes Shakespeare.

Governor—Shakespeare! Shakespeare on the top of the Allegheny Mountains. What can he know about Shakespeare?

Visitor—Well, I believe he can repeat any play Shakespeare ever wrote.

Governor—What else does he do?

Visitor—He preaches. What does he preach about?

Visitor—He preaches as all the rest of the preachers do, and I can tell you he can get up in the Court House on Sunday morning and preach and pray about as well as any of them.

Governor—Well, so much for the Gospel—what about the law? Does he do much in that way?

Visitor—Yes; and there are some people who think he is a very good young lawyer.

Governor—How does he figure in court?

Visitor—He is rather awkward and hesitates some. He often amuses us very much, but I don't think he will ever make much of a speaker.

The visitor left, and the Governor, after a long pause, said to his amanuensis: "I don't believe there was a man in Somerset County who could write such a letter as that. Here is a man who has read Shakespeare and, no doubt, the Bible, or he could not preach so well, and he pours out his thoughts in such English as amazes me. He evidently knows what a Judge ought to be. I must inquire further about that young man." As visitors called, inquiries were occasionally made about Mr. Black, and the answers were all satisfactory as to his character, moral and professional. Of course, advocates of his appointment soon sprang up. On the 30th of March, 1842, to the astonishment of many of the friends of the other candidates, a commission as President Judge was issued to Mr. Black. It is said that Judge Black was astounded when he saw it, asked whether the Governor had taken leave of his senses, protested his unwillingness to accept the office, and generally helped to set the town of Somerset in an uproar. He did accept the office, however, and in a few months established his entire competency to perform his duties, and rose high in the estimation of men of all parties.—*Judge Porter, in Philadelphia Press.*

Ethics of a Crowd.

There is no room for extremists in a crowd. The dude will be ground between the upper and nether millstone. In fact, those about him are likely to take a secret pleasure in adding to his discomfort. The crowd has a keen eye for sham, which fares particularly ill when it takes the shape of personal pretension. There must be a feeling that you "are one of us" to secure good favor. People do not congregate in vast numbers to admire others, but to have a good time themselves. They are generally willing to do the fair thing, but want no "putting on airs." It requires room to do that with any degree of comfort to the operator. He must be out of ear-shot of the remarks which convey to him the sense of the failure he is making. It is a singular fact that no amount of experience, inherited or personal, is sufficient to dissuade many people of the idea that they can create false impressions as to their own importance on the beholder. For every word of admiration a flashily dressed or visibly consequential person elicits, he gets a thousand contemptuous recognitions as an ass—a fact he remains perennially impervious to. The strivings and projects of the swell constantly miscarry, and he knows it not—except when he is jostled in a crowd. He goes through the world in a state of perpetual ignorance as to his transparency.

The crowd is a great leveler, and the member of it who does not do his own leveling, has it done for him in a manner which is not all pleasant. Large and happy aggregations of people, like civilization itself, are based upon the spirit of mutual concession. The savage who does not know how to yield in little things wants all outdoors to live and have his being in. And what is the arrogant, bumptious person, however civilized his exterior may be, who has no consideration for others, but a relief of barbarism? The kindly feeling which prompts the doing of a small favor, or some slight inconvenience to self, it is which makes the happy crowd possible. The lubrication of good will, sympathy and small helpfulness is the grand secret which makes the social machinery move well. Each man must allow a little margin to others, or there can be no general elasticity to prevent things from being broken upon each other. He must round off the sharp corners, or there will be constant punctures and raspings.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

The Little Model Republic.

VALPARAISO, CHILE.—Senor Ricardo Stiven, a leading commission merchant of this city, after having exhausted all other remedies has been completely cured of rheumatism by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, the great pain-banisher. He makes this public.

A VIRGINIA thief escaped from jail by crawling through a stove-pipe. Wonder if he was sooted for that method of escape.—*Williamsport Grit.*

Pioneer History of America.

This splendid volume of 1032 pages crowded with elegant and striking full-page illustrations has just been issued by Jones Bros. & Co., Cincinnati. This extensive work has connected historical value as well as thrilling narrative interest. The author is a perspicuous and dramatic writer, and carries each recital forward to an absorbing climax. The hundred engravings, mostly of the American scene, are full of thought, suggestion and feeling. The work is written in the best, most graphic, historical style, which, combined with the intensely interesting facts detailed, will hold the attention of the reader throughout. No other book on Pioneer Life approaches it in vividness of description, purity and vigor of style, accuracy of detail and fascination of the story. The excellent introduction by Dr. Kidpath, written in his proverbially accurate and fascinating manner, is a good contribution to the volume. The publishers, who are an old and reliable firm, want agents to take orders for the work.—*Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.*

Strove up yet?—*Chicago Times.* Thank you, we don't get stove up.—*Oil City Derrick.*

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, molar tastes bad, poor appetite, tonally weak, draw and suffer from torpid liver, or "biliousness." Nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." By all druggists.

Grins, when an eligible youth pops the question, never say: "I should blush to twit." Always observe: "I scream to ejaculate."—*Detroit Post.*

Who has not seen the fair, fresh young girl transformed in a few months into the pale, haggard, dispirited woman? The sparkling eyes are dimmed, and the ringing laugh heard no more. Too often the causes are disorders of the system which Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" would remedy in a short time. Remember, that the "Favorite Prescription" will unfailingly cure all "female weaknesses," and restore health and beauty. By all druggists. Send three stamps for Dr. Pierce's treatise on Diseases of Women (36 pages). Address World's Medical Ass'n, Buffalo, N. Y.

The first doctor of divinity is said to have been "O. Fiddle, D. D."

The Bilious, dyspeptic or constipated, should address, with two stamps for pamphlet, World's Dispensary Medical Ass'n, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE, for putting the : has, again.—*Boston Star.*

My SON, aged nine years, was afflicted with Catarrh of the Eye. Ely's Cream Balm effected a complete cure. W. E. HAMMAN, Druggist, Easton, Pa.

According to an unascertained entomologist, a mosquito resembles charity when it begins to hum.—*Rochester Post-Express.*

RUSHMORE, O.—Dr. A. Page says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in several instances, and in each case obtained good results."

EVERY father should paddle his own; can you?—*N. Y. News.*

THE RESTORATION to health of our child we considered uncertain. When two weeks old she caught cold. For 18 months was not able to breathe through her nostrils. Upon using Ely's Cream Balm her difficulty is removed; she breathes naturally. Mr. and Mrs. J. M. SMITH, Owego, N. Y.

NEVER lie on the left side—in fact, never lie at all.—*N. Y. Independent.*

An effective medicine for kidney diseases, low fevers and nervous prostration, and well worthy of a trial, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

Slight of hand—A maiden's refusal.—*Detroit Post.*

CLINTONVILLE, ALA.—Dr. W. Carter says, "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters in my own family for indigestion with great benefit."

THOUGH the East River bridge is without a rival, it has two piers.—*N. Y. Graphic.*

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a few growths where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which Sulphur, Sugar of Lead and Nitrate of Silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. No. 2 mixed. JOHN D. PARK & SONS, Wholesale Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio, and C. N. CRITTENTON, N. Y.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, November 17, 1893.
LIVE STOCK—Cattle—common—\$2 00 @ 3 00
Choice butchers—4 25 @ 4 50
HOGS—Common—3 75 @ 4 25
Good packers—4 25 @ 4 70
SHEEP—Common—3 50 @ 4 25
FLOUR—Family—4 10 @ 4 40
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 1—1 10 @ 1 12
No. 2 red—1 07 @ 1 09
Corn—No. 2 mixed—51 @ 52
Rye—No. 2—50 @ 51
HAY—Timothy No. 1—9 50 @ 10 00
HEMP—Double dressed—8 50 @ 9 00
PROVISIONS—Pork—Mess—11 50 @ 11 75
Lard—Current make—7 40 @ 7 50
BUTTER—Fancy Dairy—24 @ 25
Eggs—mixed—35 @ 37
FRUIT AND VEGETABLES—
Potatoes per bar. from store 1 25 @ 1 30
Apples, prime, per barrel—2 50 @ 3 00

NEW YORK.
FLOUR—State and Western—\$3 00 @ 3 50
Good to choice—4 00 @ 4 50
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 spring—1 07 @ 1 09
No. 2 red—1 11 @ 1 13
Corn—No. 2 mixed—51 @ 52
Oats—No. 2—35 @ 37
PORK—Mess—12 00 @ 12 50

CHICAGO.
FLOUR—State and Western—\$3 50 @ 4 25
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red—1 00 @ 1 05
Corn—No. 2—23 1/2 @ 24 1/2
Rye—50 @ 51
PORK—Mess—10 75 @ 10 80
LARD—Steam—7 40 @ 7 50

BALTIMORE.
FLOUR—Family—\$5 00 @ 5 75
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red—1 08 1/2 @ 1 09 1/2
Corn—mixed—57 1/2 @ 58 1/2
PROVISIONS—Pork—Mess—12 75 @ 13
Lard—Refined—9 @

LOUISVILLE.
FLOUR—No. 1—\$4 50 @ 4 75
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red—1 00 @ 1 05
Corn—mixed—50 @ 51
Oats—mixed—30 1/2 @ 31
PORK—Mess—12 00 @

INDIANAPOLIS.
WHEAT—No. 2 red, new—1 01 @ 1 02
OATS—mixed—28 @
LIVE STOCK—Cattle—
Butchers' stock—2 75 @ 3 00
Shipping cattle—5 25 @

A HUMAN FIRE.

The Phenomenon of a Burning Mine Repeated in the Physical System.

A few years ago one of the most important coal mines in Pennsylvania caught fire. It started slowly but soon obtained such headway that it spread through the greater portion of the entire mine. To flood it with water would extinguish the fire, but well high ruin the mine; and still the flames continued to increase. At that juncture a young man stepped forward and suggested that the entrances and exits of the mine be covered and sealed, thus shutting off the supply of air. His advice was followed and the flames were finally subdued.

To compare the condition of this mine with many phases of the human system, is most natural and appropriate. "Fire in the blood" is not a mere expression, it is a most serious fact. How it originates, it may be impossible to say; but that it burns and rages with an increasing fury, the one who is its victim only too fully knows. The blood is the life. It is designed by nature to purify, strengthen and sustain the system. It is too often made the channel through which poison and death are transported. Poisonous acids coming through the veins and arteries inflame and cause a fire just as real as the one which existed in the mine. They burn and irritate, causing the brain to become weak and the nerves unstrung; they carry pains to the muscles and leave agonies in the joints; they bring destruction instead of strength; they devastate the very portions of the body that most require help, and they hasten the approach of death in its most horrible form. These things have been felt by innumerable people who have been the victims of rheumatic disorders, and the agonies they have endured confirm this description.

There is but one way by which this fire in the blood can be extinguished, and that is by shutting off the supply of these poisonous acids. The lactic, lithic and uric acids come in to the blood through the liver and kidneys, and they remain in solution in the blood producing inflammatory rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, neuralgia, gout and all rheumatic fevers and affections. When they are deposited as gummy crystals in and near the joints, they cause articular rheumatism; when in the muscles, muscular rheumatism and lumbago; when in the tissues covering the nerves, sciatica; when in the face, head and nerves generally, neuralgia. In every case they are painful; in most instances, dangerous. Inflammatory rheumatism is likely to locate in some joint and become chronic. Gout attacks the brain or heart, causing apoplexy or heart-disease. The fire in the blood must be extinguished—the supply must be shut off. This can only be done by guarding the blood—by the use of the "Safe Rheumatic Cure," which is a powerful purifier of the blood; and no means have ever been found for accomplishing this which can equal Warner's Safe Rheumatic Cure. It acts directly upon the seat of the disorder; it extinguishes the fire by controlling the supply and removing the cause.

The well known standing of H. H. Warner & Co., of Rochester, N. Y., the remarkable success which Warner's Safe Cure has achieved, being endorsed by no less a personage than Dr. Robert A. Gunn, Dean of the United States Medical College, New York, and the fidelity with which they have carried out all their promises to the public should be a sufficient warrant that these statements are true. They, however, guarantee to cure ninety-five per cent. of all rheumatic troubles, especially acute, knowing full well that the demonstrated power of the remedy justifies them in so doing. Nothing can be cured than this, and those who suffer in the future from rheumatism with such an offer before them, do so on their own responsibility, and can blame no one if living pain and untimely death are the results.

I HAVE been using Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), and find it to be the best remedy of the kind that I have ever been able to get, and I have tried them all.
JOHN TISCHER, 3d U. S. Cavalry.

If a cough disturbs your sleep, take Pisko's Cure for Consumption and rest well.

If Success be the true test of merit, it is a settled fact that "Brown's Bronchial Troches" have no equal. They give relief of Coughs, Colds, and Throat troubles. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

I HAVE known and watched the use of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) for over fifty years, and never have known or heard of its failure to cure any case of Blood Poison when properly taken.
H. L. DENNARD, Perry, Ga.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c.

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Always cures a cough, cold or influenza. Pike's toothache drops cure in one minute.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY For Pain!

Relieves and cures RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, BACKACHE, Headache, Toothache, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS, SPRAINS, Soreness, Cuts, Bruises, FROSTBITES, BURNS, SCALDS, And all other bodily aches and pains.

FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages. The Charles A. Voelger Co., Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

CATARRH ELY'S CREAM BALM

When applied by the finger into the nostrils, it will be absorbed, effectually cleansing the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It is a powerful inflammation, protects the membrane of the nasal passages from additional colds, completely heats the nose, restores taste and smell. A few applications relieve. A thorough treatment will positively cure. Agreeable to use. Price 50 cents by mail or at druggists. Ely Brothers, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

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A boy 16 years old can saw logs FAST and EASY. MONARCH LIGHTNING SAWING MACHINE. Sawed off a 20-inch log in 3 minutes. For particulars, send for Circular. Address: MONARCH MANUFACTURING CO., 183 E. Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

A \$65 SEWING MACHINE For \$18.00. WITH ALL ATTACHMENTS: Black Walnut Drop-Leg Table, 5 drawers and cover. Hundreds of other articles one-half usual price. Send for Circular and Price List. CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago.

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WANTED A WOMAN of sense and energy to attend to our business in her local office. Not too young preferred. To a suitable person will pay a salary of \$1000 a year, plus commission on sales. Experience not necessary. If references exchanged. GAY BROS. & CO., 16 Barclay St., New York.

Lady Agents can secure permanent employment and good salary selling Quaker Oats, City Skirt and Stocking Supporters, etc. Send for Circular. City Suspender Co., Cincinnati, O.

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CANCERS, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Etc. Cured by the use of Loo's Extract. J. M. LOOSE & CO., Monroe, Mich.

\$250 A MONTH. Made in leisure moments. Outfit sent; no money required until sold. Agents Wanted. Male and Female. May have made fortune. Address: ROTHCHILD & CO., ST. STEPHEN, New Brunswick, Canada. Postage, 2c.

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STAMMERING and all Impediments in SPEECH cured at Vocal Institute, 25 W. Fifth St., Cincinnati. Send for circular.

AGENTS make money selling our Family Medicines, no capital required. Write for Circular. CURE CO., 107 Pearl St., New York.

\$15 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$5 free. Address: STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

\$72 A WEEK. \$12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address: True & Co., Augusta, Me.

ASTHMA, Neuralgia Cured. FREE to poor. Add. Dr. Kington, Cape Girardeau, Mo. Pike's toothache drops cure in one minute.

AGENTS Wanted. Squatter Sovereign, or Kansas in the 30c. Send 40c. in stamps for outfit. CONWAY & NEWELL, Box 100, Chicago.

\$60 A WEEK in your own town. Terms and full particulars. Address: H. H. HALL & CO., Portland, Me.

OPHTHERIA

CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (For Internal and External Use) will instantly relieve these terrible diseases. It will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Write nothing like is ever issued before. Price, 25c. Will send free to any one sending a list of all the first-class newspapers published in the place. DAVID C. COOK, 44 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

Worn, Weary, and Wretched. "As weak as a cat" is an expression frequently used by debilitated sufferers who are trying to tell how forlorn they feel. It is an incorrect expression, for a cat is one of the most agile and vigorous animals in existence. It would be more correct to say, "as weak as a limp old rag," for that gives the idea of utter inability to hold one's self up. The weary person who feels thus is generally worn, worried, woeful, and wretched.

Sometimes it is a case of overwork, and sometimes of imperfect nourishment. The blood in the system of a person who is "as weak as a rag" is in a wretchedly thin condition. It needs iron, to impart richness, redness, and strength. This is to be had by taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, the only safe and proper preparation of iron in connection with gentle and powerful tonics. The physician and the druggist can tell the worn and weary how valuable a remedy BROWN'S IRON BITTERS has been found in actual every-day use.

If you are Interested

THE BOURBON NEWS.

PUBLISHED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
BRUCE CHAMP, EDITOR
BOURBON NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One year in advance, - - \$2.00
Six months in advance, - - 1.00
[Entered at the Post-office at Paris, Ky., as second class mail matter.]

FOR PRESIDENT,
That uncrowned King of every Democratic heart,

SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
Mr. Tilden's companion in Victory and in Humiliation,

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Richard Held, of Mt. Sterling, is a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, to succeed Judge Hargis—subject to the action of the Democracy of the First Appellate District.

CONGRESS assembles one week from next Monday.

THERE will be no military display at the inauguration of Gov.-elect Hoadley.

THE Supreme Court of Kentucky has decided that pension money is liable for seizure for debt.

AND now it is said that Tilden is fed with a spoon. Better keep Ben Butler away from him.

WASHINGTON looks forward to a gay winter, socially, and a season of intense political activity.

LOUISVILLE is talking of an Opera Festival under the direction of Mapleson, with Patti as leading singer.

THERE is one man reported in Louisville who never went inside the Exposition during its 100 days of life.

JUDGE Cox has set aside the verdict of \$60,000 in the case of Hallet Kilbourne against John G. Thompson.

Two theatrical men have been murdered in the South within a week. This is a rather dramatic encouragement of the drama.

It is always safe for a prophet to predict a mild winter. Should his prophecy fail, he can say it was a typographical error for wild.

THE Deuber Watch Company at Newport are making about 5,000 cases a week. Their work is said to be the best in the United States.

THE Boston Post says that a good many Democrats feel over the Massachusetts election as a man does at his mother-in-law's funeral.

JUDGE Hoadley proposes to imitate the Spartan simplicity of Gov. Cleveland at his approaching inauguration. No military need apply.

SENATOR BECK, who is Washington thinks Carlisle will be elected speaker, and that Randall does not stand any probable chance at all.

THE railroad companies of Kentucky will make an effort to secure the repeal by the Legislature of the law creating a Railway Commission.

Boston very injudiciously permits a dispatch to go forth announcing that a Massachusetts man was killed by one little indigestible baked bean.

THE Pennsylvania Legislature is thinking about adjourning after a session of nearly a year. The Governor will order another thanksgiving day.

DISTILLERS and manufacturers of spirits are preparing petitions for presentation to Congress, urging an extension of the bonded period of whisky two years.

CARLISLE has enough votes secured to insure his election, and Randall has enough to secure his election. There is evidently something wrong in the footing up.

GROVER CLEVELAND, of New York, continues to weigh upward of 200 pounds physically, but politically speaking he is in position to hire out as a living skeleton on an hour's notice.

As Congress convenes on the 3rd of December—only three days after Thanksgiving—a majority of the members will forego the pleasure of wrestling with the annual turkey at home.

THE United States have 164 doctors to every 10,000 persons. In England the proportion is 6 to 10,000; France, 3; Germany, 3 and a fraction; Hungary and Italy, 6, and Switzerland, 7.

SOME of our most artistic actors are not upon the stage. A blind and armless beggar in New York was found at his home the other day reading a newspaper and carving a roast with both hands.

WALLACE GRUBBLES says: A young lady of Danville was married the other day to a Mr. Chestnut. The young couple expect to find happiness in growing crops of Chestnuts in the sweet by and by.

Two boys named McCullough and Paets, who shot a street car driver in Milwaukee, in order to steal his cash box, have confessed. They had been reading dime novels and were ambitious to imitate some of the heroes.

Millersburg (War) Department.

Please get up a coon fight over in the city park.

It is generally conceded that Joe Carter is a good jumper.

Sausage rolls, in suggestive shapes, can now be seen in the shop windows.

Miss Mullen of Falmouth was the guest of Miss Lizzie B. Miller Sunday.

Even the old flint locks are now ready for the great powder-burning Thanksgiving.

Alex. McClintock left Monday, for Oxford, Miss., and will be absent one week only.

A ten thousand dollar widow would look awful cute in a pair of copper-toed shoes.

The Covington stock-yards received quite an invoice of cattle and hogs from this place last week.

If bicyclists have any objection to bear anything drop, they had better not ride on the streets Sunday.

That Frank Peculiar gang didn't show up here Sunday. It appears that Lexington is the point now.

Matt Johnson & Co. will give a fancy dress hop at Joe Will Miller's hall, on Thursday night the 29th.

After all the Mercantile Directory amounts to no more than Uncle Mart Layson's "little red book."

The Y. M. C. A. observed last week as one of prayer and already Hinkston has gone back within her bars.

A recent dispossessed partner (one of the silent kind) is going to bring suit to reclaim his primordial position.

Jno. Mock has removed his consumptive overcoat manufactory to the room adjoining the old billiard hall.

The doctors of this precinct, endorse Dr. Kellar's sentiments and will give him a vote of thanks as soon as possible.

The Knights of Wise Men are still gazing wistfully towards the South in hopes of catching a glance of that big, big, \$1,000.

By saying that the contract with the editor was renewed, is all that is required to explain the continuance of this department.

Joe Batson says that the people about here who attend strictly to their own business, are lying very quietly in our cemetery.

Jno. W. Boulden has purchased Miss E. Jones' property at figures to suit all concerned. He will renovate the building and live in it.

The department confesses that the street lamps are never lighted, but it is unwilling to assert that Marshal Ballenger is a fraud to do the work.

Some families insist on making Main street a garbage alley. If the town had a nuisance inspector the treasury would be filled or the practice stopped.

Dr. G. T. Gould will deliver the Thanksgiving sermon in the Presbyterian church. If the weather continues the church will be crowded with people.

The Broadway Methodist church now glitters with a new coat of paint. The colored brethren display a deal of energy and should be encouraged by assistance.

There is a young clerk in this town who was never known to say five decent words consecutively. His mind is so debased and his heart so warped from purity, his tongue is a beaten path pressed by words of the foulest cast.

A little misdemeanor on the part of a Main street strapping caused her fond name to look her up in the closet and feel her on corn bread and water for a day and a half. Flap jacks and peach tree tea, would have been better.

If there can be found enough boys to insure its success, would it not be a good plan to give a tony little hoop? It has been many a weary day since the noted Lexington Italians were down here to partake of gin slings and trale dollars.

The fair damsels are already in a flutter of excitement over the approaching leap year. They will organize a club next week and establish rules regulating all parties. The rules will be published. The boys have packed their kerchiefs and are looking about for some lone lise.

The villainy of a gray bearded farmer, who purchases finery for a colored pander, has been borne with sometime. Although he is considered very cunning, the eagle eye of the Department has been upon him and will have his name in flaming print unless his brutishness is stopped.

The reason that the park fence is not finished, is because the posts are broken and the clips, to which the railings were attached, lost. The posts will have to be recast. If the council wishes to investigate something truly interesting it can examine the goodsbox gallery, or the "patent-applied-for-gate."

Sunday morning at one o'clock, in an empty freight car at the depot, several negroes could have been seen gambling. In the rear of the colored Christian church, all night Saturday night and up until 6 o'clock Sunday morning the same sight may have been witnessed. These are the scoundrels who live by stealing from their white neighbors.

"B'RR B'AR."

POSTED—Notice is hereby given that I posted my farm, adjoining Millersburg, according to all the forms of law, and all persons are forbidden to hunt or fish or trespass in any way on said farm. I will enforce the law against all offenders—WHITE and BLACK.
Oct. 17th 1883. ALEX. MCCLINTOCK.

MISS BERTHA CROWLEY, of Deposit, N. Y., dreamed three nights in succession of her uncle's death in Texas. Impressed with her dreams she addressed a letter to him. The letter fell into the hands of his lawyers, who have notified her that she has fallen heir to \$50,000 by her uncle's death.

A MAN in London the other night shot the secretary of a race course in the leg and was at once given out that the shooter was an American. Now this is going too far. Americans may tamely submit to the responsibility of most of the crimes committed in London but they never shoot a man in the leg.

Bourbon's Candidate.

One of the most prominent candidates for Speaker of the next House of Representatives of the Kentucky Legislature is Hon. Chas. Offutt of Bourbon. He is about the best representative of the live young progressive Democracy in that body. Elected to the last Legislature when barely eligible, he made for himself such a record for independence, honesty, courage and fidelity to the best interests of the State as to secure a return without any Democratic opposition. He is one of the best lawyers of his age in Kentucky, and aside from that possesses every other essential element of a successful Speaker. Cool, level-headed, yet quick to see a point—dignified without being stiff—in manner, and of commanding figure, the expectations of his friends would not be disappointed should he be chosen. Besides all this he has a great big heart beating in his manly bosom.—[Jessamine Journal.]

The above compliment is not overdrawn in a single assertion, and, from our best information, our candidate stands a first-class chance of being elected Speaker. Bourbon has never had a Speaker of the House, and it has been many years since she has had a State officer. Should the representatives honor our candidate with the Speakership, we are quite sure that none will have cause for a single regret.

PRINCETON beat Harvard in the football game by a score of 26 to 7. The Harvard team was heavy, the Princeton light and agile.

Oscar Wilde is going try politics. A cable dispatch says he will join the Irish party, aspiring to a seat in Parliament as a Parnellite.

A LARGE number of fraudulent land claims have been discovered in Dakota. It is estimated that not less than one half of the Government land in any one year is taken possession without the proper authority. An investigation is to be made.

Ohio and New York are looming up as the battle centers of next year's Presidential contest. The Republicans are reasonably sure of Ohio in a Presidential year, but they are not at all sure of New York, which is as naturally a Democratic State as Ohio is naturally a Republican State.

The Courier-Journal says: The world is not scared at Architect Bell's assertion that the Capitol is unsafe. "A building that safely weathered the upheaving effect of Blaine's rhetoric and remained firm during the ungrammatical earthquakes of John Logan is liable to stand when Mr. Bell's relatives have forgotten to drop violets on his grave."

FARM FOR RENT.

I WISH TO RENT PRIVATELY A FARM of about 48 acres, situated on the Paris & Clintonville turnpike, six miles from Paris. The farm is well watered, has a nice house and all necessary outbuildings. It is one of the nicest little farms in Bourbon county. For further particulars, terms, etc., apply to L. B. DAWSON, at Jones' Cross Roads.
29nov-30u

Thanksgiving Night.

The Ladies Missionary Society of the Christian Church will break their jugs and address by Mrs. Judge Reid, on Thanksgiving night. The public respectfully invited.

The Ladies' Aid Society will also give an entertainment at the O. C. Fellows' Hall, December 14th, for benevolent purposes.

ESTRAY!

Came to my house, four miles south of Paris, about three weeks ago, one yellow bay mare, about six years old, 14½ hands high and saddles well. Owner can have her by proving and paying charges on same.
[nov16-2u] THOS. P. HARBELL.

FARM FOR RENT.

I wish to rent my farm of 480 acres, with two good dwellings, two good barns, well watered, 70 acres in wheat, 100 in rye, 100 in corn, 100 in clover and meadow, 100 in tobacco and 40 acres for corn. Farm located on the Mayville & Lexington and Summit Station pikes. Possession given 1st March '84. Address me at Carlisle, Ky.
[nov16-2u] C. W. MATHERS, M.D.

PUBLIC SALE.

- OF -

STOCK, CROP, &C.

I will sell at public sale on Friday, November 23d, '83, at my residence on the Paris & North Middletown turnpike, 2½ miles east of Paris, all my stock, crop, &c., consisting in part as follows: 20 head of young cattle; 6 milch cows and calves; 35 cotswool sheep; 18 head of fat hogs; 20 nice shoats; 4 sows and pigs; 1 large broke mule; lot young in furs; buggy mare; 350 shocks of good corn; lot of hay and oats; 1 new McCormick binder; wagon, gears, plows, Ronda harrow, grain drill, and many things too tedious to mention. Terms made known on day of sale. Sale at 10 o'clock, a. m.
A. T. Forsyth, Auctioneer. [nov16-2u]

BOURBON FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY—ONE OF THE best farms in Bourbon, containing 250 acres. Its improvements are second to none. But little of it has been plowed of late years. Barn room enough for 10 acres of tobacco; stone and post-rail fence; close to first-class college, churches, &c. It is one of the most desirable homes in the county. It must be seen to be appreciated. Come and see it; I want to sell; it is in ¼ of a mile of North Middletown postoffice. Write for particulars.
R. W. OWEN.

R. M. KENNEY, SURVEYOR.

Paris, Ky.

Will attend to all calls in his line, in Bourbon and surrounding counties, with promptness. Charges Reasonable.

PUBLIC SALE!

HAVING sold my farm, I will sell to the highest bidder, on the premises, on

WEDNESDAY, November 21st, the following personalty: 4 or 5 horses, among which are 2 heavy work horses and 1 combined horse; 5 or 6 grade heifers; 1 grade Jersey; 51 breeding ewes; 3 lambs; 2 bucks; 3 pure bred Poland China sows; 9 shoats; 2 ricks of clover hay; 100 barrels of corn; 75 bushels of wheat; 1 combined reaper and mower; 12-horse wagon; all my farming implements, gear, &c.
Terms.—Four months credit will be given on all sums of \$20 and over; under that amount, cash. All notes made negotiable and payable at Deposit Bank, Carlisle, Ky.
Sale begins at 10 o'clock, a. m.
nov-21 T. C. COLLIVER.

TRY OUR NEW BRANDS

— OF —
Roller Process Flour.

"J. E. M."
"ARCTIC."
"CRYSTAL."
"EXCELSIOR."
"OLD GOLD."

Jas. F. FEE & SON,
GROCERS.

Turkeys! Turkeys!!

I DESIRE to inform the turkey-raising public, that I want an unlimited number of fat, plump, corn-fed bluegrass turkeys such as I ship every season to the New York and Boston market. For such, I will pay the highest market price, delivered on foot.
oct30-1u W. W. GILL, Paris, Ky.

TURKEYS WANTED.

Having an old and well-established turkey trade in Boston and other Eastern cities, I still desire to supply their insatiable demands with the Kentucky-raised birds. Do not care whether they are corn, bluegrass or crop-fed—just so they are fine fat birds. I will do the same by the trade this year as I have always done—pay the highest market price in cash.
I will receive and slaughter at Paris, Richmond and Flemingsburg.
O. A. GILMAN.
nov-21u

PARIS PLANING MILLS.

GEO. B. MINTER, - - MANAGER.

SOLICIT orders for Doors, Sash, Blinds, Moulding, Brackets, Finish Timber and Prepared carpentry. Will not contract the erection of houses.
Orders for lumber or mill-work may be sent per telephone from Overby & Co.'s office on Bank Row.
J. M. THOMAS, Proprietor.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

HAVING DETERMINED TO MIGRATE to Texas, I will offer at private sale the BOURBON HOUSE, the principal hotel property of Paris. The house is large, roomy and located in the old and business portion of the city, and has a fine paying trade. Will sell the house and fixtures at a bargain. For full particulars, call on address
HENRY TURNER, Proprietor.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY.

I desire to sell at private sale, my residence at Shawhan's, Bourbon county, (late the property of Richard Rule), and my lot where the store recently burned from. The residence is an elegant frame cottage of the latest improved plan and is in No. 1 repair; good garden and yard, and is well watered. The store-lot has good foundation on which to build, and is a splendid stand for a country store. I sold \$22,000 worth of goods at the stand in eleven months. For full particulars, address the undersigned.
A. M. KELLER, Shawhan, Ky.

Light NEW HOME—A—Running Specialty

It is peculiarly adapted to the wants of Tailors, Dressmakers, Seamstresses, Manufacturers of Clothing, Shirts, &c.

The Large Space under the Arm; Large Bobbin; Double Feed; Ease of Running; Facility for Threading the Machine Quickly; Self-setting Needle; Automatic Tension Device for winding the Bobbin without running the Machine, &c.
ISAAC CLAY, Acft. Paris, Ky.

GRINDING.
White Bro. Shaw is torn down, I will grind corn on Wednesdays and Saturdays for customers.
J. M. THOMAS.

FRESH OYSTERS!

I am receiving direct from Baltimore FRESH OYSTERS from the old reliable house of E. B. Mallory & Co. Housekeepers can depend upon getting the very best oysters and perfectly fresh.
W. W. GILL.

FOR SALE!

MY farm at Little Rock, containing about 180 ACRES. New brick house. New tobacco barn. All in grass for ten years, except 8 acres of good tobacco land. Price, \$12,000. [2oct-2m] J. M. THOMAS.

JACKS FOR SALE.

I HAVE for sale five splendid Black Jacks, with white points, 3 years old, 15½ hands high. They are of the best breeding, descending from Napoleon, Buedon Vista and Imp. Mammoth. Two of them took the blue and red ribbons at the Paris Fair. Any one wishing to buy will please call and see them at J. MONROE LEEB, Paris, Ky.

CYCLONED!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY CHEAP

CLOTHING, HATS and FURNISHING GOODS

as our goods—at least a portion of them, were slightly damaged by the storm. We propose to offer our entire line of goods at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES until we close out the goods. Call and see them, and our prices. In rear of our old store room, and in Singer's new house opposite the Post-office.

J. L. TAYLOR & CO.

NO TIME TO LOSE!

I HAVE NO TIME TO LOSE IN WAITING on my customers to write an advertisement for his sparkling little paper, but will hurriedly say that I have just returned from New York, and that

NEW GOODS

are tumbling in on me from EVERY TRAIN.

All that I can say now, is to COME—yes, come NOW and lose no time yourself in securing pick and choice from my large and varied selection of DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, &c., &c.

A. NEWHOFF,
PARIS, KY.

AT COST!

We intend to close out our entire stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Within ninety days. If you desire the greatest bargain of your life, call and examine our goods and prices. WE MEAN BUSINESS. COME AND SEE US.

McCLURE & INGELS.

THIS WEEK

We desire to state to the public that we keep in stock a full supply of the celebrated "ALLIGATOR" coal and wood cook stoves. The Alligator has held a prominent place in this market for more than twenty years and can be found in use in every section of the county. We are ready to offer a premium for a single instance where it has not given the very best satisfaction. We are now receiving a complete stock of all kinds of heating stoves for parlors, stores and halls, including the best base burner for hard and soft coal made. We also keep in stock a good clean supply of all goods usually found in a first-class Store and Tin Store, among which may be found the celebrated PURIFYING PUMP, and the equally celebrated MONITOR COAL OIL STOVES, &c., &c.

For executing first-class job work in Tin, Copper and Sheet iron, we flatter ourselves that we need no further mention.

Please call and examine our stock, and you will verify our statements.

MILLIGAN & PERRY.

"THE BOURBON NEWS" OFFICE

Is prepared to do all kinds of Job Printing, such as Bill-heads, Letter heads, Envelopes, Business Cards, Programmes, Circulars, Posters, and, in fact, everything in the printing line. Work done with neatness and dispatch.

JAMES K. DAVIS. GARRETT DAVIS

DAVIS & DAVIS,

MERCHANT TAILORS.

(TWO DOORS ABOVE THE POST-OFFICE.)

Are now making the most stylish

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

ever made in this city, at the most REASONABLE RATES.